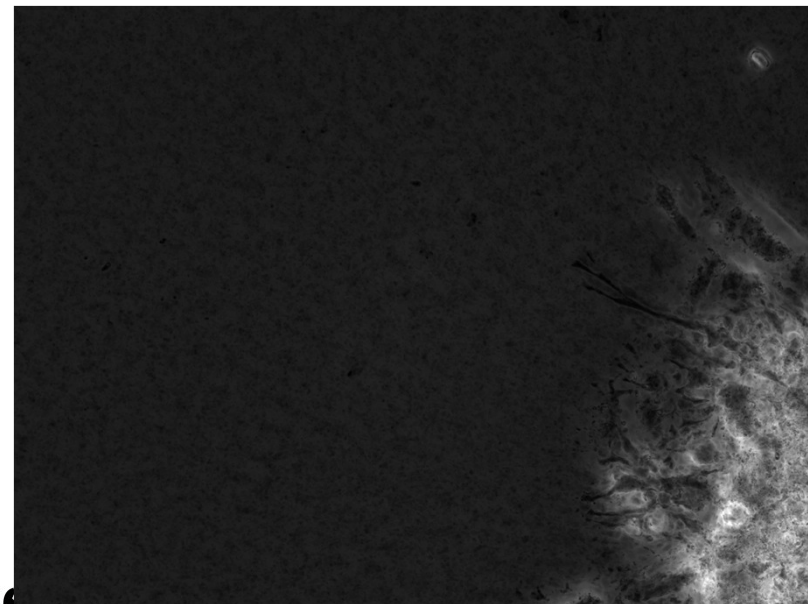
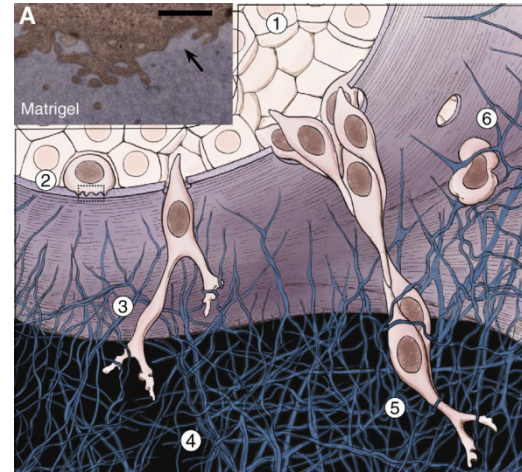

Multiscale model to recapitulate breast cancer invasion phenotypes

Arnau Montagud
U900 – Institut Curie



Tumour invasion is diverse

- Tumour is a **mix of cells** with potentially different
 - Genome
 - Transcriptome
 - Neighbours
 - Local microenvironment
 - Density
 - Architecture
- Diversity of **invasion modes**
 - Tissue-specific
 - Epithelial to mesenchymal transition (EMT)

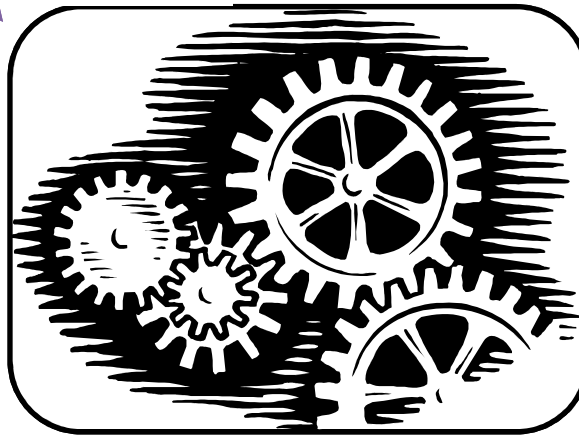
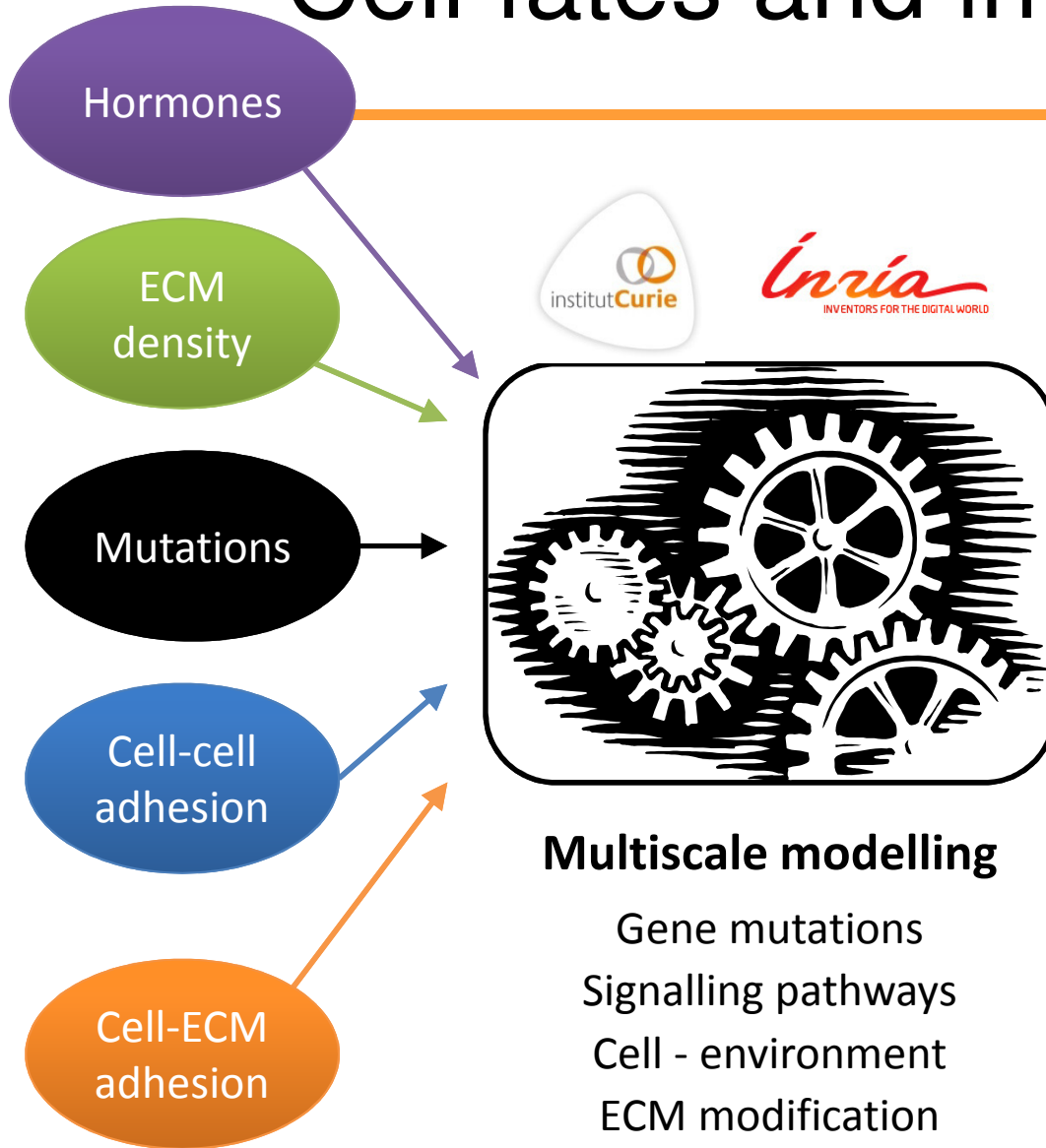


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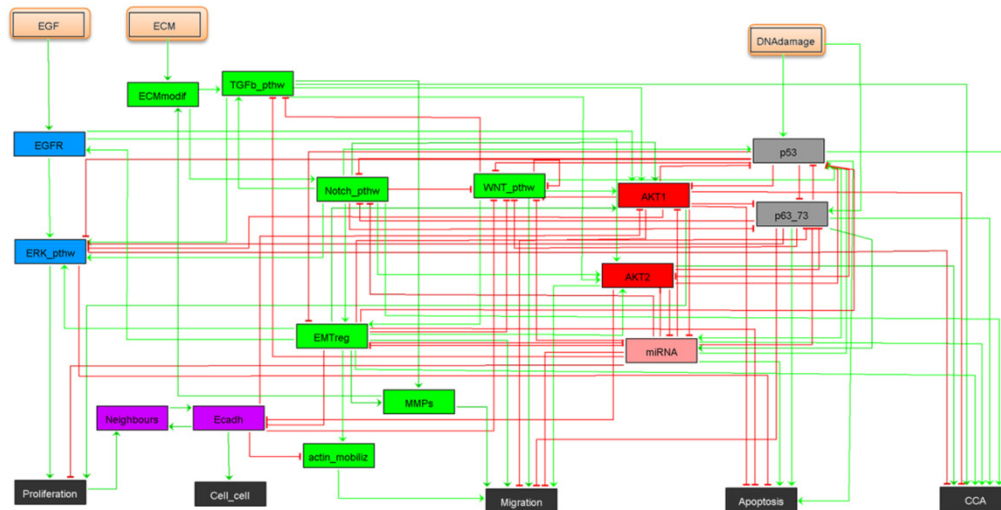
		Cell-cell junctions	Tumor type	
Individual-cell migration	Single-cell migration			
	Amoeboid	-	Leukemia, lymphoma cell subsets (all tumors)	
	Mesenchymal	-	Stromal tumors, epithelial tumors after EMT	
	Amoeboid (multicellular)	?	All tumors developing amoeboid single-cell dissemination	
Multicellular migration	Multicellular streaming			
	Mesenchymal (multicellular)	(+)	Tumors with mesenchymal invasion; fibroblasts leading tumor cells	
	Cluster	++	Moderately differentiated epithelial tumors	
	Collective cell migration	Solid strand	++	Moderately differentiated epithelial tumors with subregions after EMT; basal and squamous cell carcinoma
		Strand (with lumen)	++	Differentiated epithelial tumors; vascular neoplasia
		Strand (protrusive)	++	Moderately differentiated epithelial tumors lacking EMT
Growth	Expansive growth	++	All solid tumors	

Cell fates and invasion modes

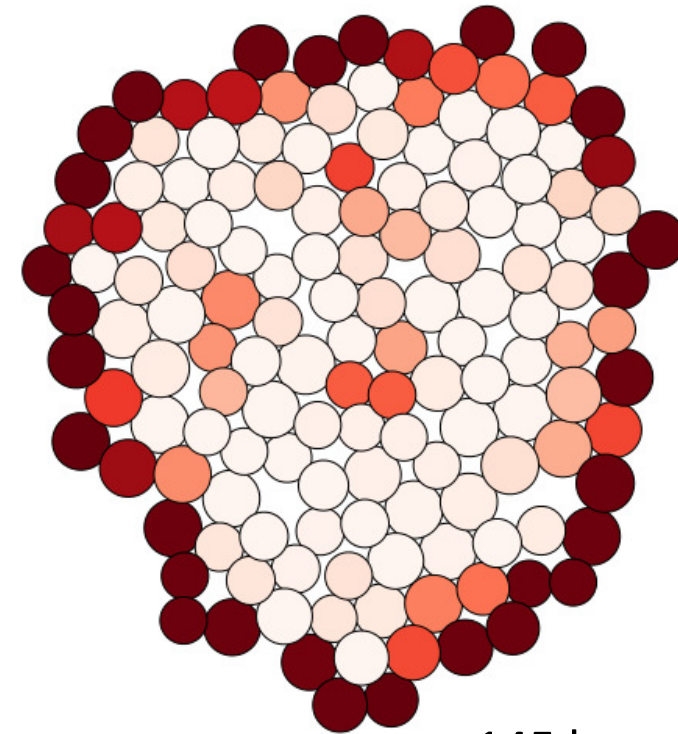


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Individual-cell migration	Single-cell migration		
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	Solid strand	++	Moderately differentiated epithelial tumors with subregions after EMT; basal and squamous cell carcinoma
	Strand (with lumen)	++	Differentiated epithelial tumors; vascular neoplasia
Growth	Expansive growth		
	Strand (protrusive)	++	Moderately differentiated epithelial tumors lacking EMT
	Outward pushing tumor	++	All solid tumors

Towards multiscale modelling



**Intracellular cell fate decision modeling
using discrete formalisms**



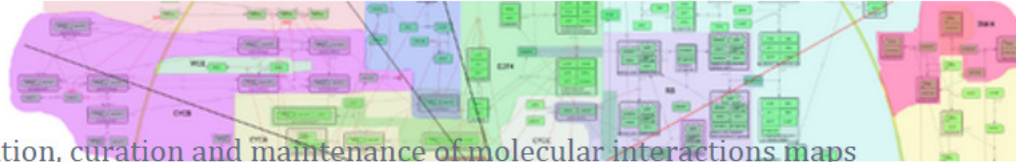
145 hours

**Agent-based cell population modeling
using physical laws and rules**



Building the network

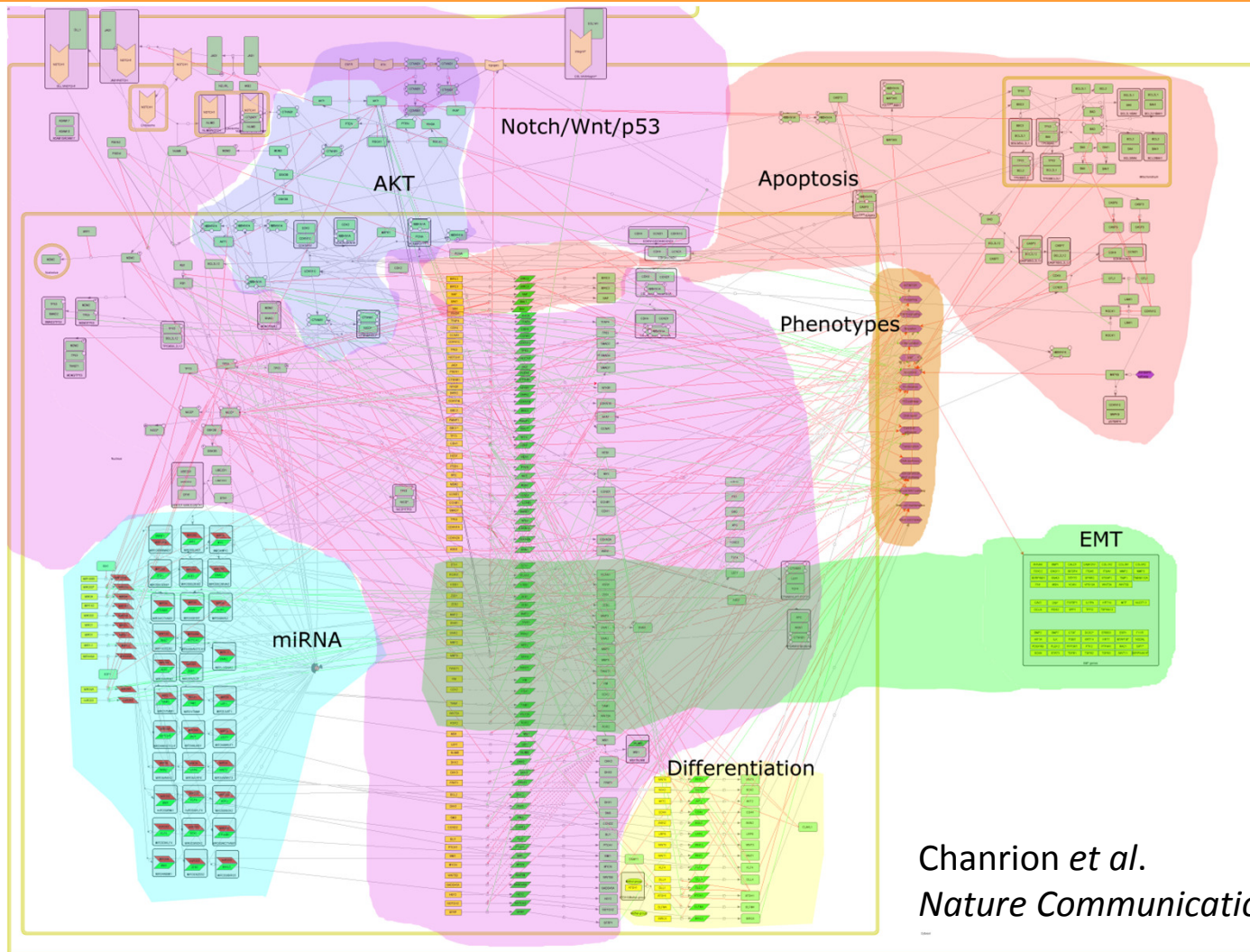
navicell.curie.fr



Data analysis, navigation, curation and maintenance of molecular interactions maps

HOME	Collection of Maps	Resources
MAPS	Institut Curie Collection	ACSN ATLAS OF CANCER SIGNALING NETWORKS
FEATURES	<u>Cell Cycle (RB-E2F) molecular interaction map</u>	CELLDESIGNER
USER GUIDES	<u>Signalling network of EMT regulation</u>	SBGN SYSTEMS BIOLOGY GRAPHICAL NOTATION
NAVICELL WEB	<u>Ewing's sarcoma signalling network</u>	CYTOSCAPE
SERVICE	<i>For other maps, please have a look at the following web site: acsn.curie.fr</i>	BiNoM
FAQ		LITERATURE
CONTACTS	External Collection	Databases
PUBLICATIONS	In mammals	CELL SIGNALING
HOW TO CITE US		KEGG
PEOPLE	<u>mTOR signalling network</u>	PANTHER
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	<u>Toll-like receptor signalling network</u>	

Building the network




From network to model

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RESEARCH ARTICLE

Mathematical Modelling of Molecular Pathways Enabling Tumour Cell Invasion and Migration

David P. A. Cohen, Loredana Martignetti, Sylvie Robine, Emmanuel Barillot, Andrei Zinovyev , Laurence Calzone  

Published: November 3, 2015 • DOI: 10.1371/journal.pcbi.1004571

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S4 Text. From the master model to the reduced model.

doi:10.1371/journal.pcbi.1004571.s004
(DOCX)

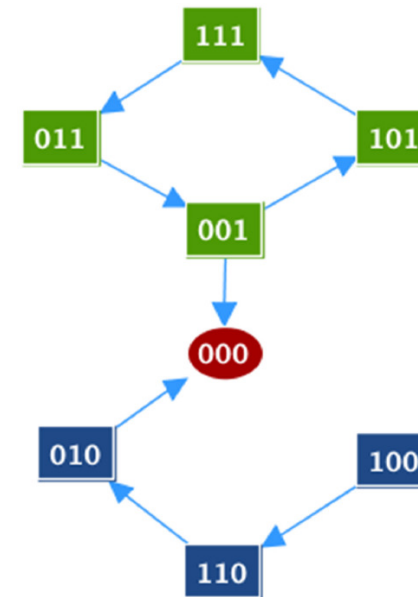
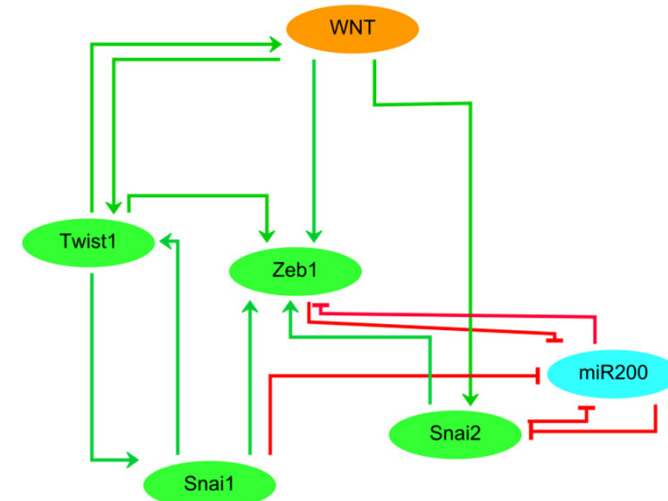
S1 Table. Annotations of the logical model.

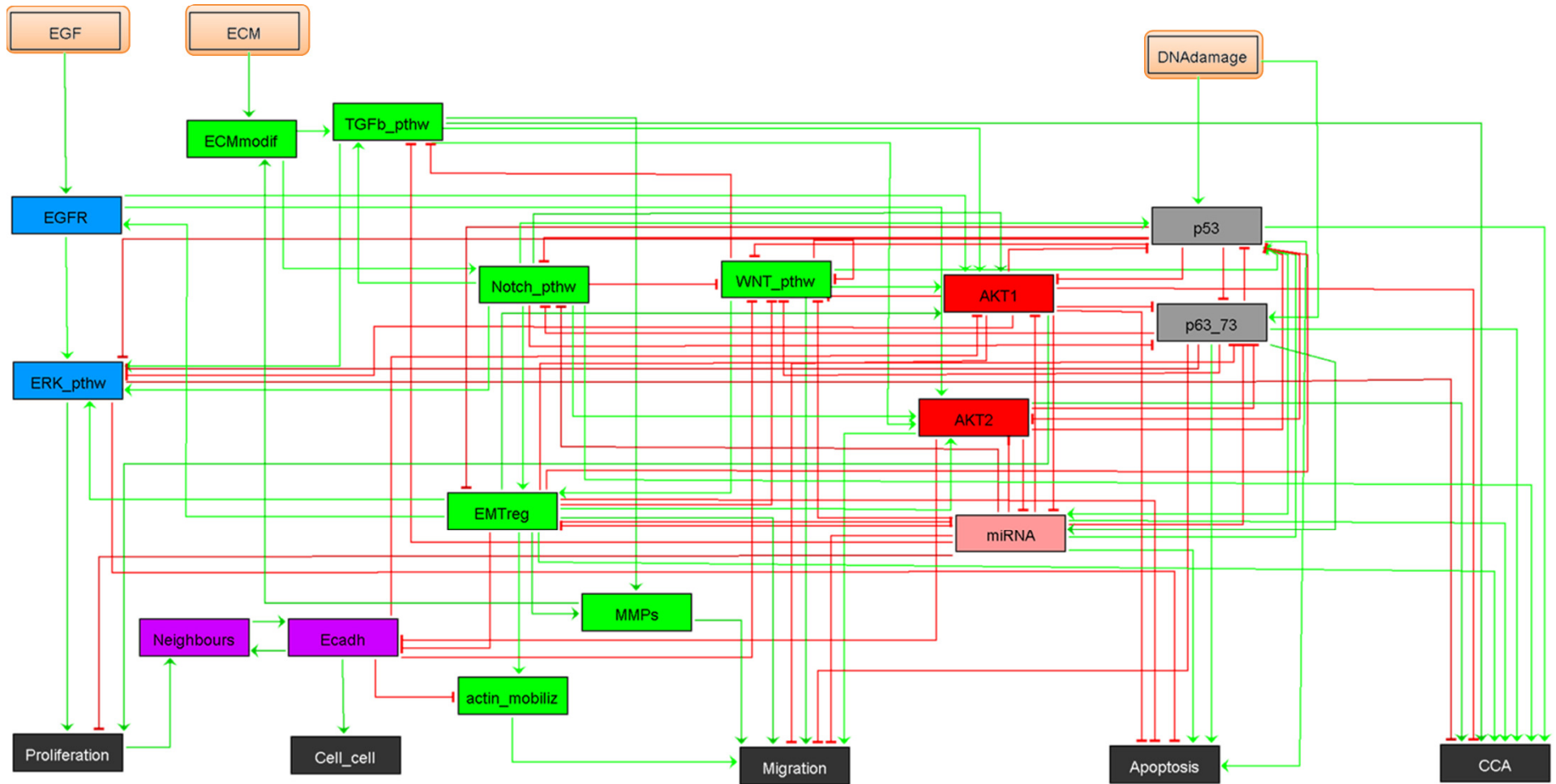
doi:10.1371/journal.pcbi.1004571.s011
(DOCX)



Intracellular model

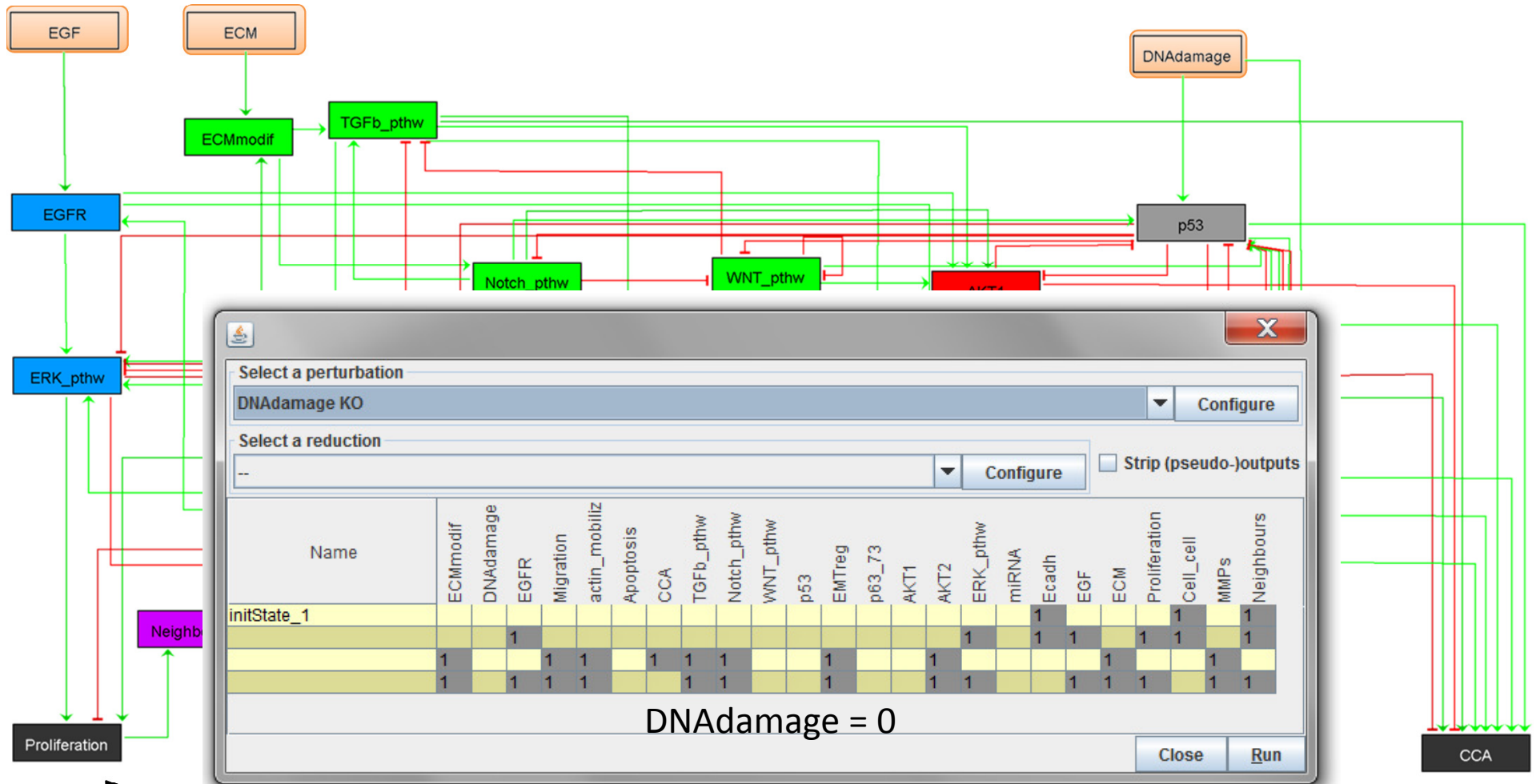
- Logical model
 - Network with Boolean rules
 - NOT, AND, OR
 - Node activity is either ON or OFF
 - Stable states, limit cycle study
 - Transition state space
- Stable states = cell fates = phenotypes
 - Known mechanisms
 - Perturbations study





To cell population
model's inputs

Adapted from model by Cohen et al,
PLoS Comp Biol, 2015
DOI: 10.1371/journal.pcbi.1004571



To cell population model's inputs

Adapted from model by Cohen et al,
PLoS Comp Biol, 2015
DOI: 10.1371/journal.pcbi.1004571

Model outputs

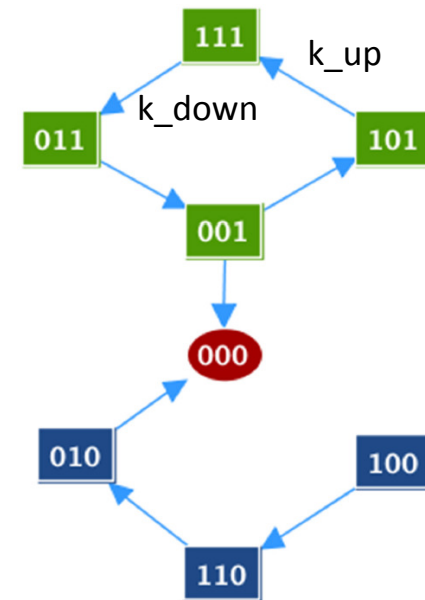
- Cells resting
 - Ecadh
- Cells proliferating
 - Ecadh, EGF
- Single cell migration
 - ECM, CCA
- Proliferative cell migration
 - ECM, EGF

DNAdamage = 0

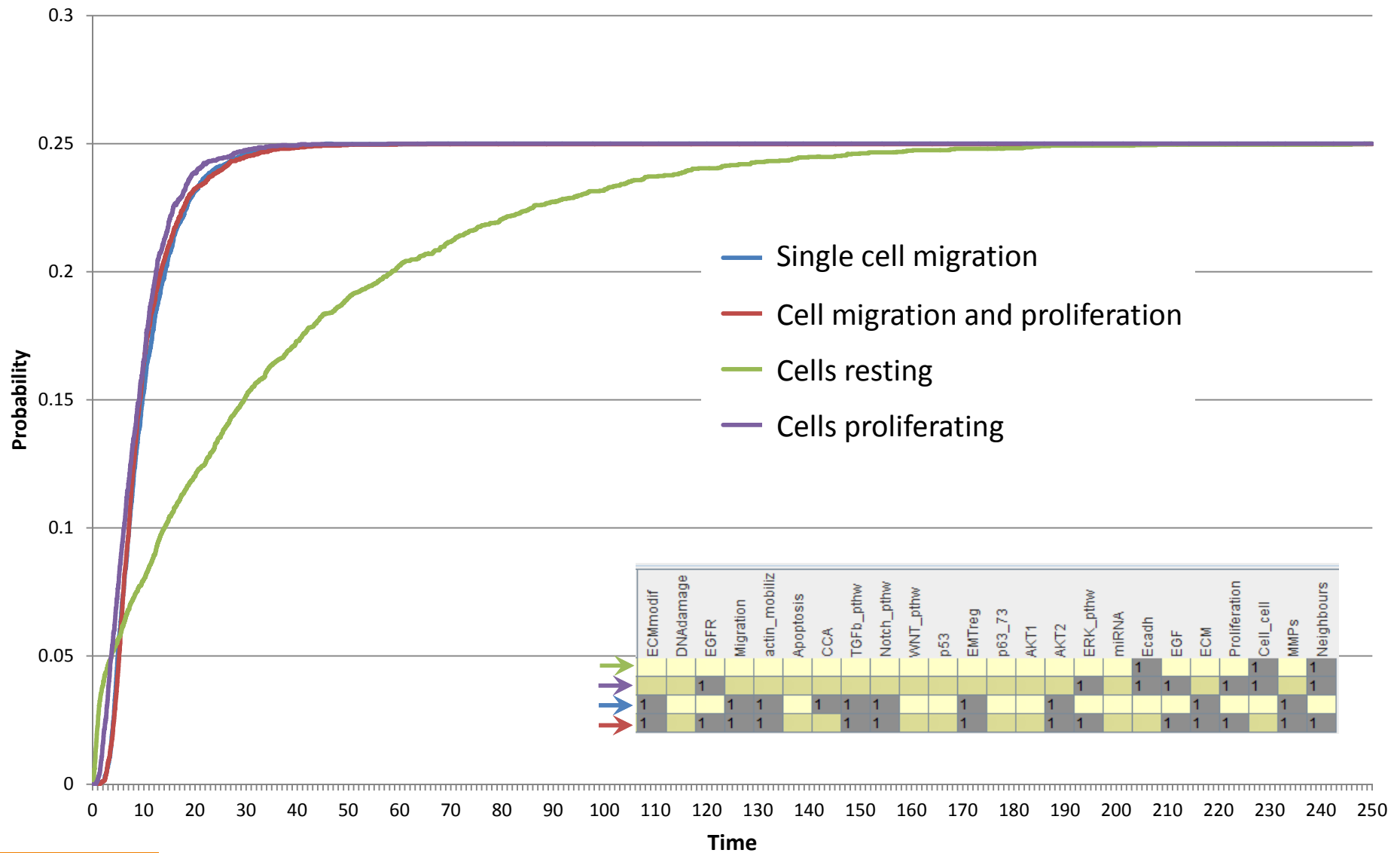
Name	ECMmodif	DNAdamage	EGFR	Migration	actin_mobiliz	Apoptosis	CCA	TGFb_pthw	Notch_pthw	WNT_pthw	p53	EMTreg	p63_73	AKT1	AKT2	ERK_pthw	miRNA	Ecadh	EGF	ECM	Proliferation	Cell_cell	MMPs	Neighbours
Cells resting																		1				1		1
Cells prolif			1													1		1	1		1	1		1
Single cell migration	1			1	1		1	1	1			1								1			1	
Prolif cell migration	1		1	1	1			1	1			1			1	1			1	1	1		1	1

MaBoSS simulation

- Software developed by Stoll *et al*, *BMC Systems Biology* 2012
 - DOI: 10.1186/1752-0509-6-116
- **Gillespie algorithm** on the Boolean transition state space
 - Study probabilities of the possible solutions in a population of cells
 - Parameters for $0 \rightarrow 1$ and $1 \rightarrow 0$
- **Perturbations** can be studied in a probabilistic manner

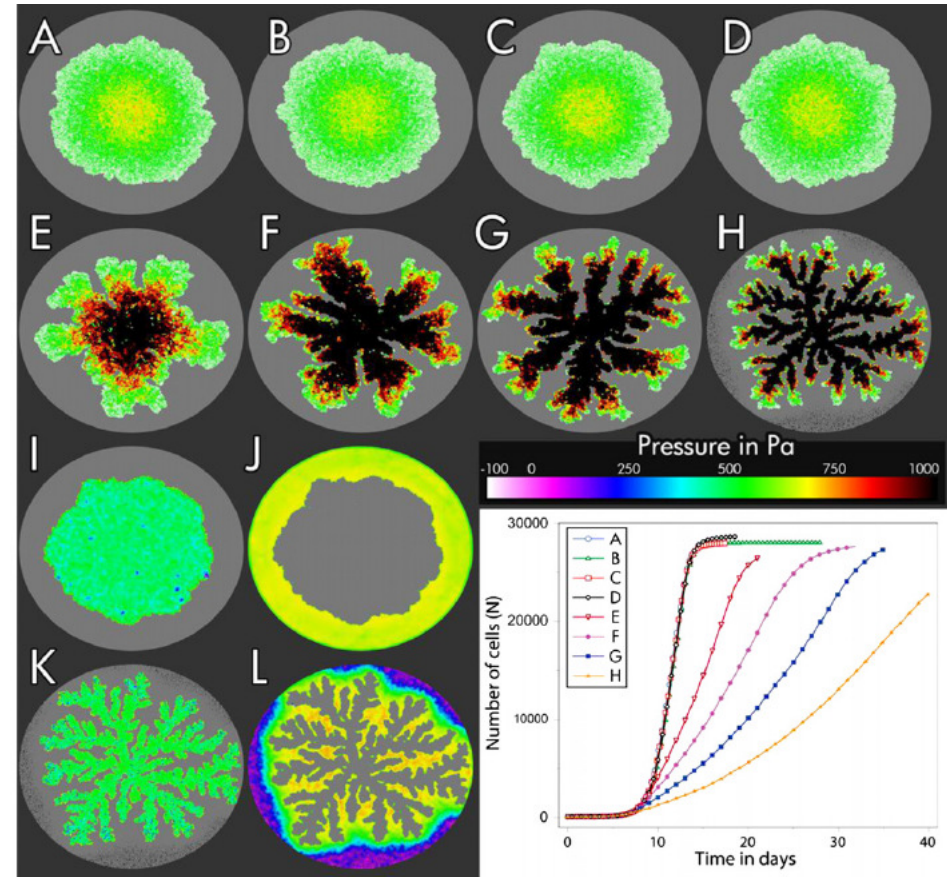


Evaluating the model without DNA damage



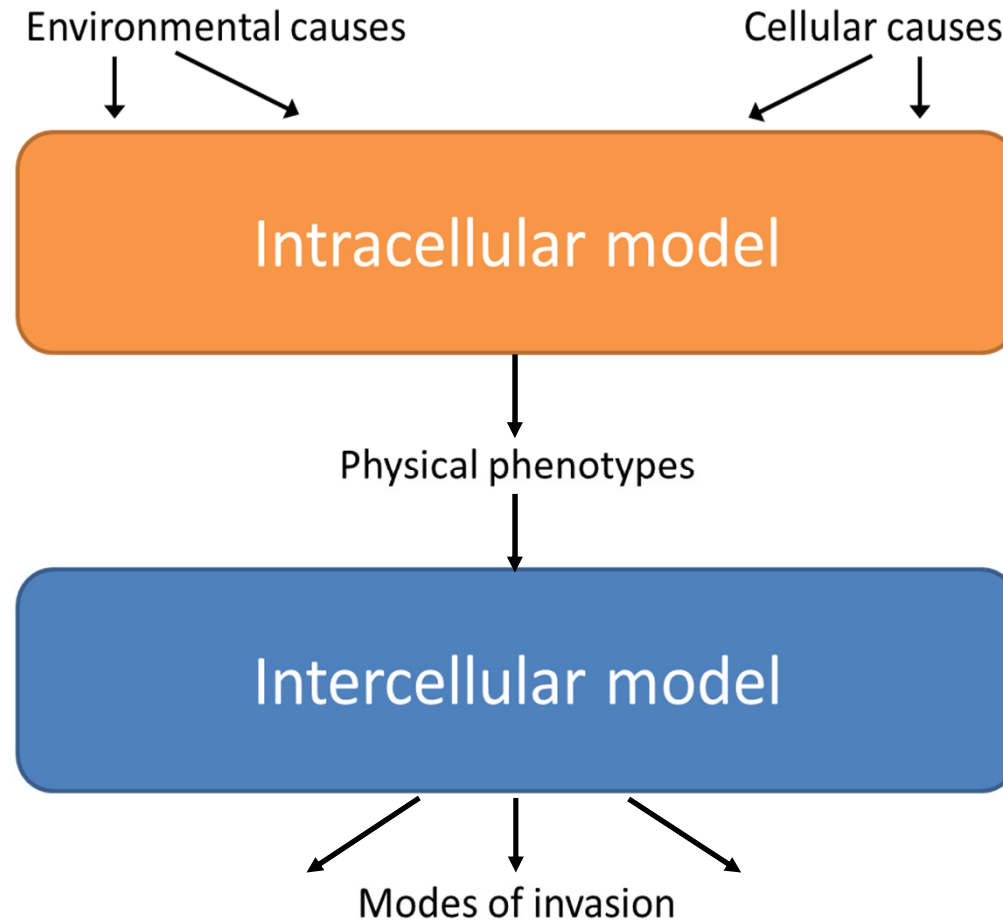
Intercellular model

- Centre-based model
- Langevin equation
 - used to model **macroscopic events**
 - **Migration, Division, Adhesion**
 - tensors are defined for each effect

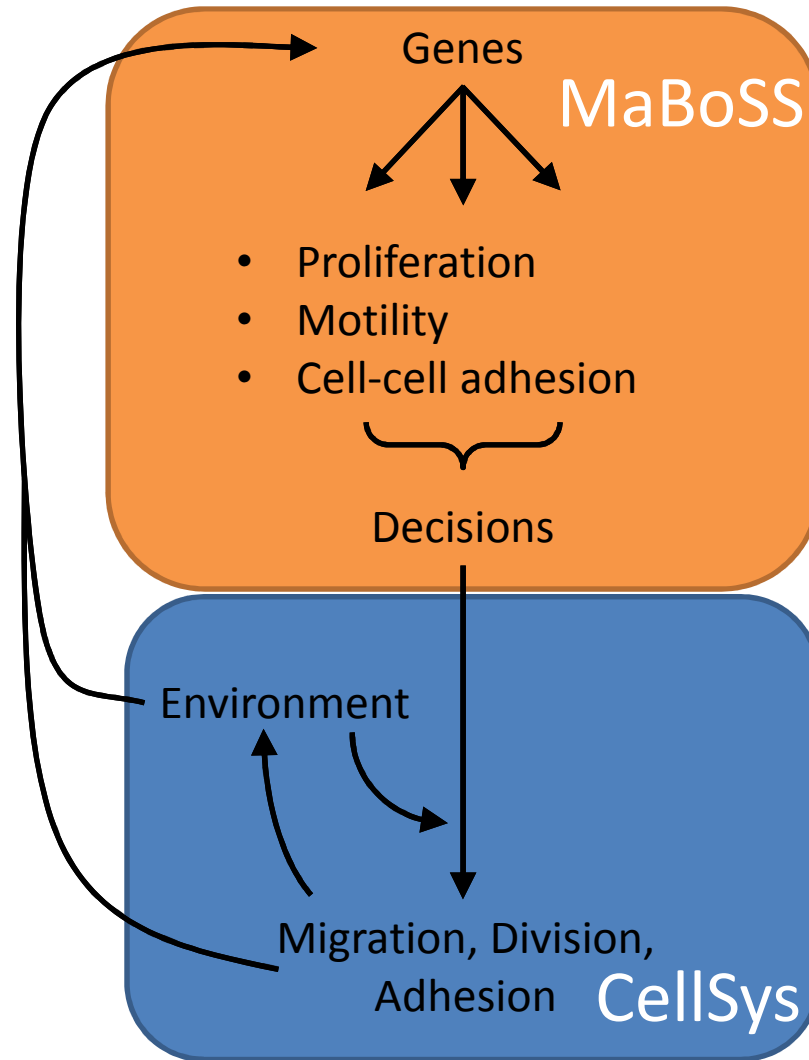


$$\underbrace{\underline{\Gamma}_{is}^f \underline{v}_i}_{s\text{-friction}} + \sum_{j \text{ nni}} \underbrace{\underline{\Gamma}_{ij}^f (\underline{v}_i - \underline{v}_j)}_{\text{cell-cell friction}} = \underbrace{\sum_{i \text{ nnj}} \underline{F}_{ij}}_{\text{forces}} + \underbrace{f_i(t)}_{\text{noise}} + \underbrace{\chi \nabla Q(t)}_{\text{chemotaxis}}$$

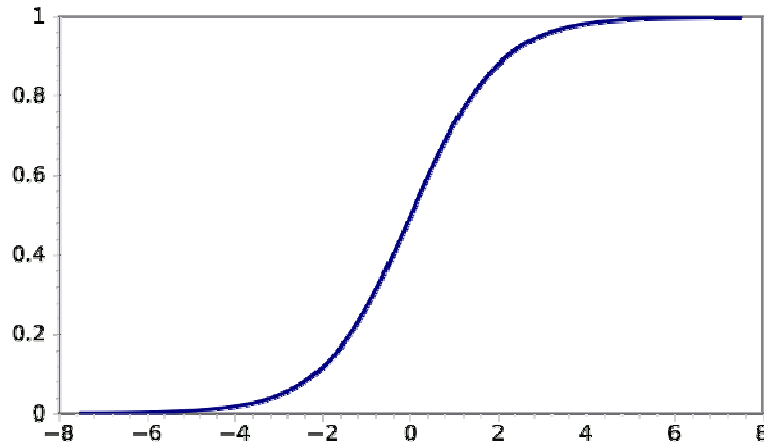
Integrate both models



Integrate both models



CellSys-MaBoSS feedback



Feedback MaBoSS → CellSys

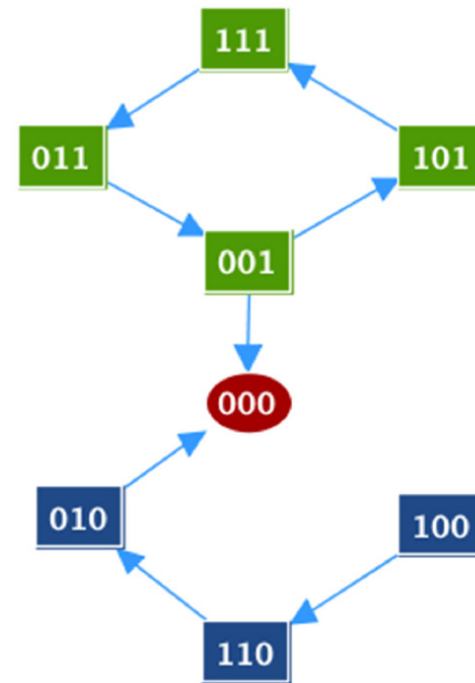
- State “1” causes CS parameter to have “greater” values
- State “0” causes CS parameter to have “lower” values

- Sigmoid shape
 - Max, min and slope

CellSys-MaBoSS feedback

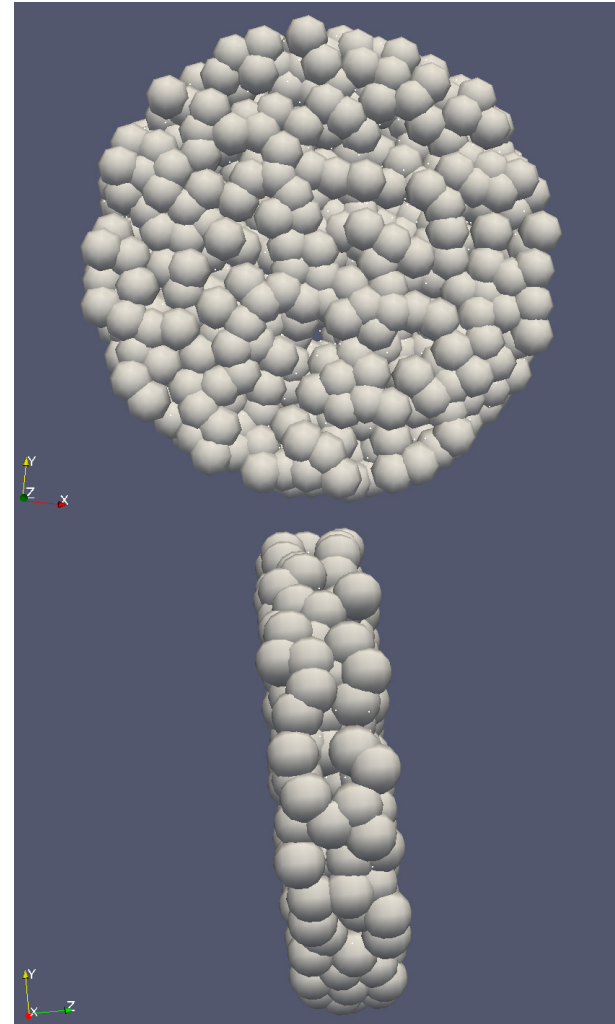
Feedback CellSys → MaBoSS

- Parameter (from CS) **above given threshold** forces state transition from 0 to 1
- Specifically,
 - **ECM** sensing
 - **Neighbours** presence



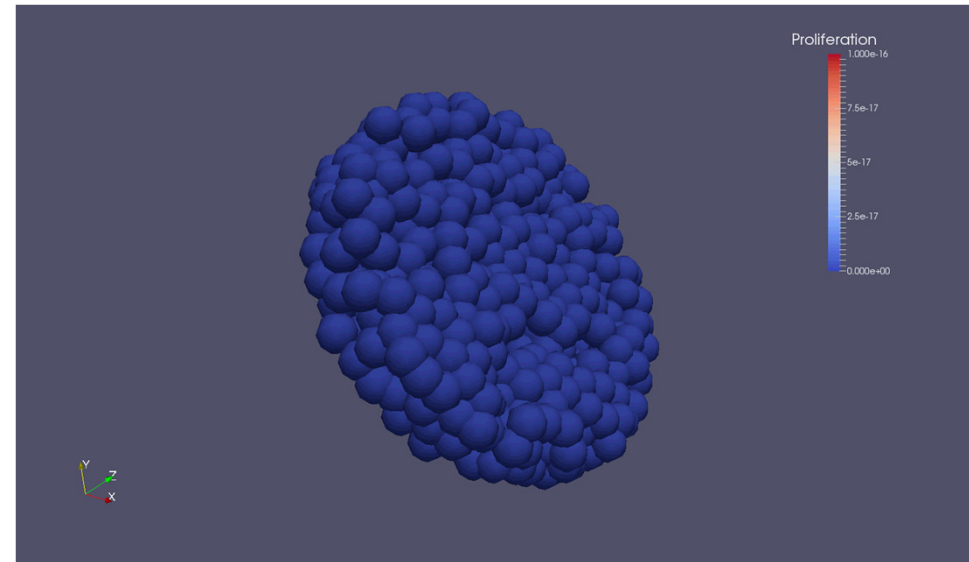
Experimental setup

- It's alive !
 - 3D simulation
 - “Organic” Petri dish
- **Multi-scale** modelling of
 - Physics-oriented **cellular population**
 - Biology-oriented **intracellular cell fates**



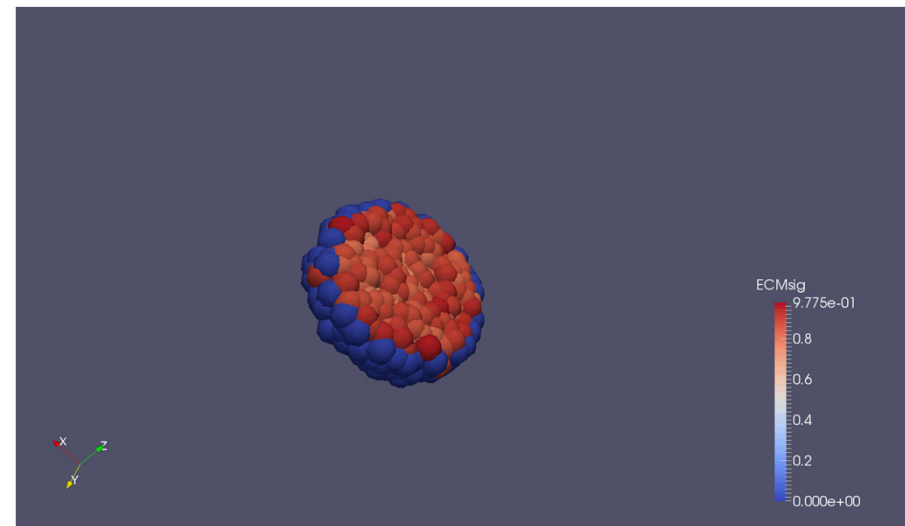
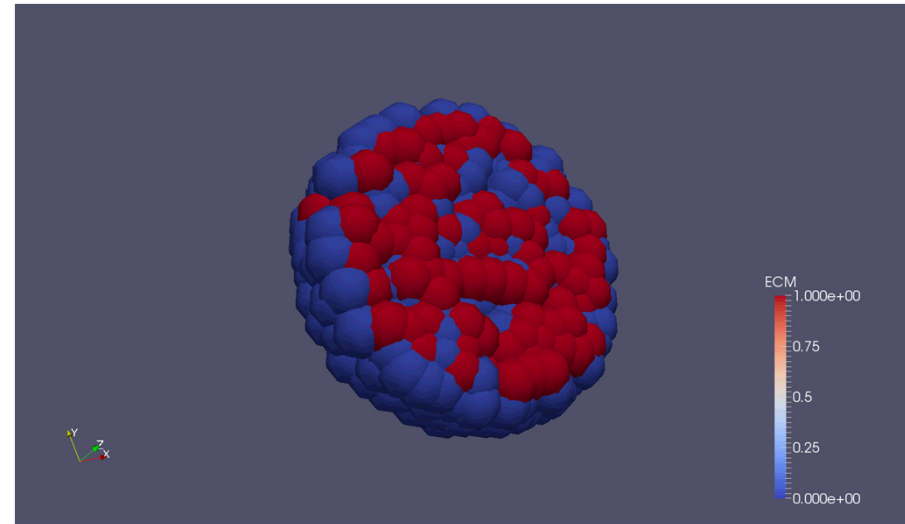
Resting cells state

- It's alive !
 - 3D simulation
 - “Organic” Petri dish
- **Multi-scale** modelling of
 - Physics-oriented **cellular population**
 - Biology-oriented **intracellular cell fates**
- Stable state
 - **Cells resting**
- Colour
 - **Red is Proliferation**



Cancer growth

- It's alive !
 - 3D simulation
 - “Organic” Petri dish
- **Multi-scale** modelling of
 - Physics-oriented **cellular population**
 - Biology-oriented **intracellular cell fates**
- Stable state
 - **Cells proliferating**
- Colour
 - (Up) Red is ECM node status
 - (Down) Red is ECM signal



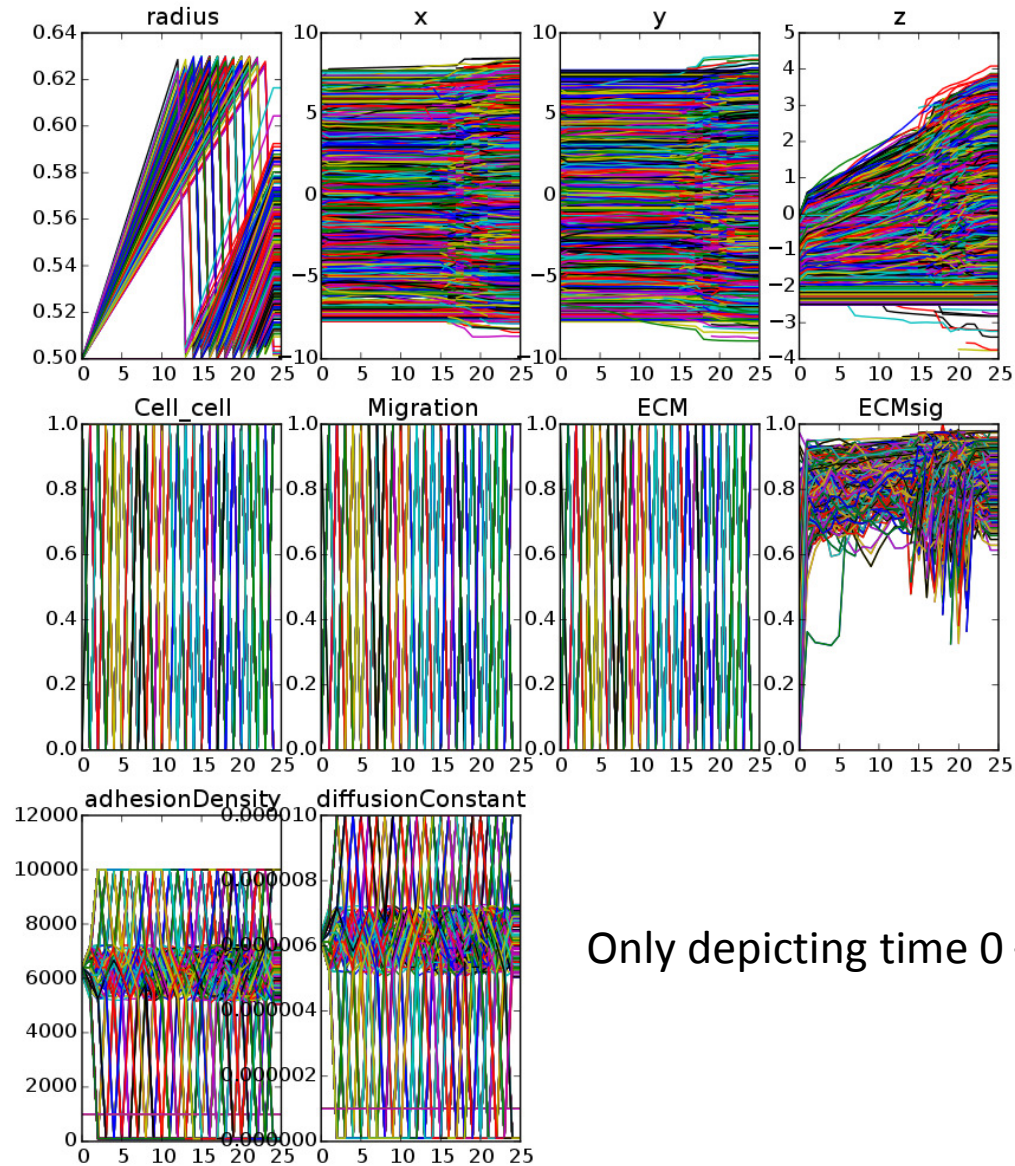
2D slice of cancer growth

- It's alive !
 - 2D representation of a 3D simulation
- Multi-scale modelling of
 - Physics-oriented cellular population
 - Biology-oriented intracellular cell fates
- Stable state
 - Cells proliferating
- Shades of red
 - Potential cell motility



0 hours

Data underlies video



Only depicting time 0 – 24 h



Acknowledgments

Computational Systems Biology group

Barillot team

Laurence Calzone	Andrei Zinovyev
David Cohen	Luca Grieco
Valentina Boeva	Christine Lonjou
Eric Bonnet	Loredana Martignetti
Urszula Czerwinska	Victorin Martin
Paul Deveau	Daniel Rovera
Maria Kondratova	Christophe Russo
Inna Kuperstein	

ITMO Cancer's INVADE project

Chavrier team

Soumelis team

Mechta-Grigoriou team

Vincent-Salomon team

Radvanyi team

Drasdo team



aviesan
alliance nationale
pour les sciences de la vie et de la santé

Institut Thématique Multi-Organismes Cancer

Computational Systems Biology of Cancer

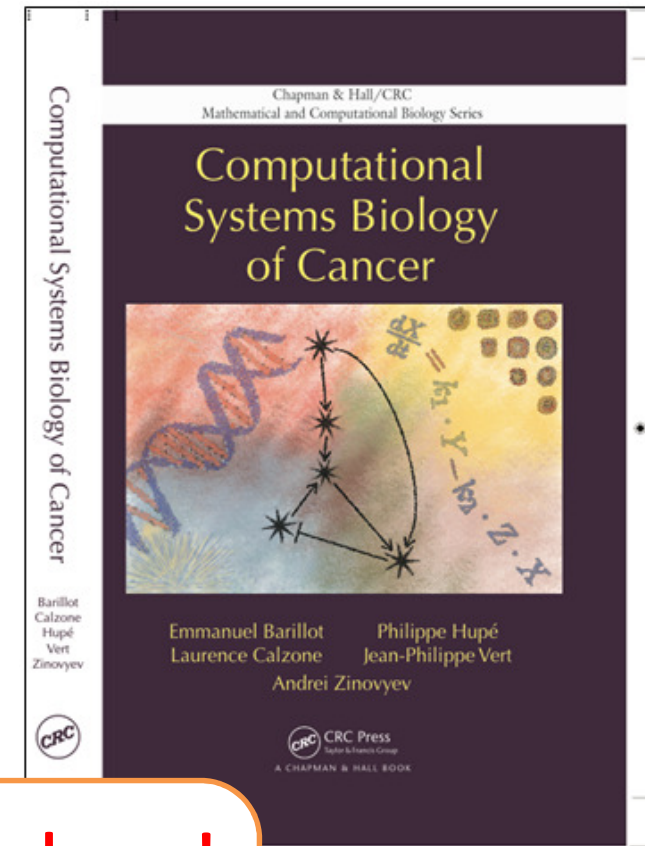
group at Institut Curie <http://sysbio.curie.fr>

Directions:

- 1) Omics data analysis using **biological networks**
- 2) Statistical **analysis of multi-level omics data**
- 3) **Mathematical modeling** of networks involved in tumor growth, interaction with microenvironment, metastases
- 4) Methods and **software development** for systems biology

Dynamic international and multidisciplinary environment
Numerous collaborative projects on concrete questions
cancer biology and cancer treatment

Access to original large-scale data from application of latest
technologies



We are HIRING postdocs!

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Andrei.Zinovyev@Curie.fr